

**Mahatma Gandhi Arts, Science and Late N. P. Commerce College, Armori**  
**Department of Geography**

**“Agro – Socio, Economic Survey of Palora Village”**  
**(2019 – 2020)**

● **The Biodiversity record of the People of Palora**

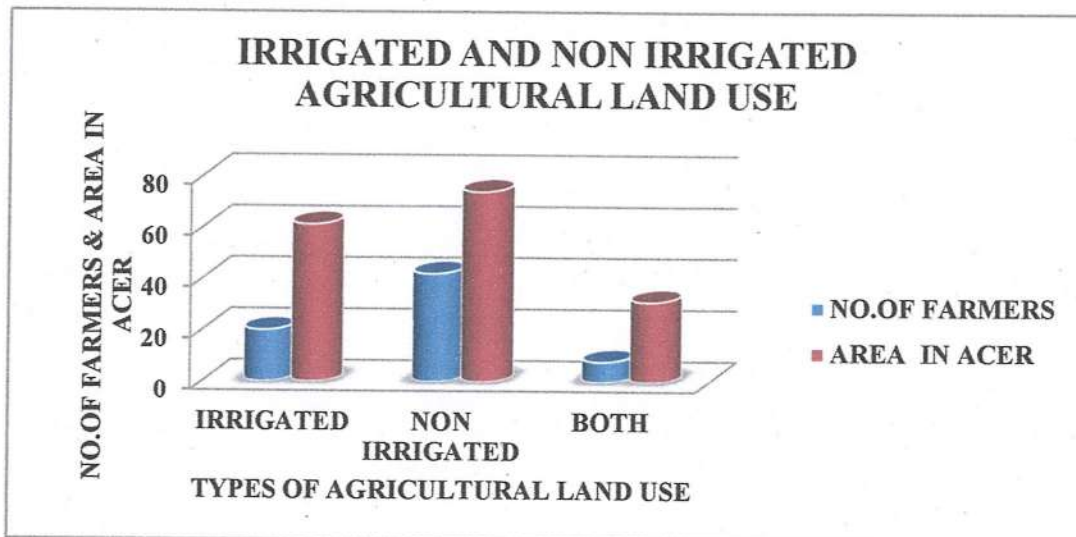
Agriculture –Economic Social Survey was conducted in village Palora in which student have filled the form about area of agricultural land, irrigated and non irrigated agricultural area, various crops and production, expenditure of agriculture, food security, adding agro base business etc. with questionnaire method In which the students actual 70 family information filled with questionnaire.

**1) Agricultural land holder at Palora:-**

The no. of agriculture land holder is as follow. There are 70 families out of total population based on agriculture and 26 families don't have agricultural land at Palora is 166.5 acres.

**2) Types of agricultural land:-**

After studying agricultural land at Palora the following information is collected out of total agricultural land 61.25 acres is irrigated, while 74 acres is non irrigated besides these 31.25 acres agricultural land is used for both types of farming.



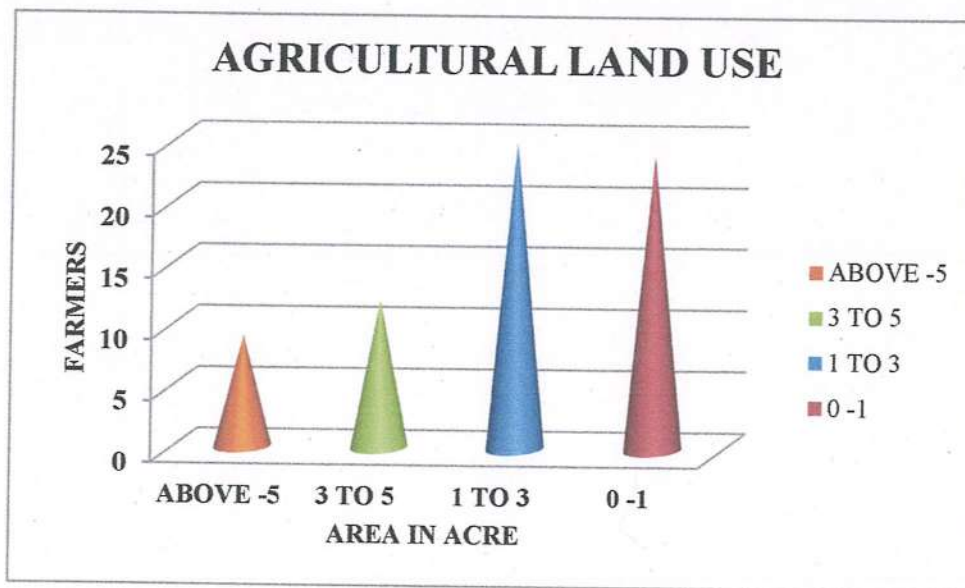
**3) Ratio of farm land to the farmer:-**

After studying the farming families at Palora following information is collected there are 9 families who have more than 5 acres of land. There are 12 families who have land between 3 to 5 acres, and 25 families who possesses 1 to 3 acres of land while the no. of



*Bmeshman*

between 3 to 5 acres, and 25 families who possess 1 to 3 acres of land while the no. of families who less than 1 acres is 24 and they are marginalized farmers. Remaining 26 families don't own any farming land.



#### 4) Information in the crops grows on the field in every season:-

Agriculture – economical survey of Palora show that farmer's growth different season. Primarily in kharif season the cultivation of rice is the highest (166.5 acres) variety RPN rice is cultivated in 85.75 acres, variety of 1010 rice is cultivated in 39.75 acres while variety of Jay Shreeram is cultivated in 36.25 acres.

While in a rabbi season other crop are also cultivated along with rice variety of RPN rice is grown in 37.50 acres, CHANA in 11.50 acres, groundnut in 7 acres and other crops are grown in 25 acres in land.

#### 5) Cost for farming (fertilizers, labors & others):-

Cost for farming at Palora in Rabbi & Kharif season is as follows. In kharif season the land under cultivation is consist of 161.72 area and for tilling that land the farmer have to spent collectively 5447700 rupees along with that 369800 rupees is spent on labor for sowing 294900, for pesticide 169500, for fertilizers 325000 rupees for harvesting 287800 rupees like this in total 1699200 is spent for overall cultivation.

In rabbi season the total cultivation area is less and that is 81 acre in that for tillage 301270, 105100 for labor 985 for sowing for pesticide 68200 rupees, 103000 on fertilizers and for harvesting 115900 rupees has been spent like this the total amount in rabbi season 520820 is spent.



*Prakash*



## 6) Income from crops:-

In kharif season variety of Jay Shreeram rice was 539.50 quintal and is sold for 7982210 rupees RPN rice was harvested of 874 quintal and sold for 1285800 rupees and the variety of rice 1010 was sold for 534600 rupees.

While in rabbi season RPN rice 2374 quintal for 1217000, CHANA 09 quintal for 14000, groundnut 36 quintal 88000 and other crops 24 quintal 53500 rupees of income has been gained by the farmer.

## 7) Usages of fertilizers and expenses:-

### a) Kharif Season –

After studying the expenses on fertilizers in kharif season at Palora it was seen that expense on organic fertilizers was 90600 in 77 acres and expense on chemical fertilizers was seen 234500 rupees in 99.5 acres.

From the above information we can say that the collective expense in a kharif season on organic and chemical fertilizers was 244100 rupees.

### b) Rabbi season –

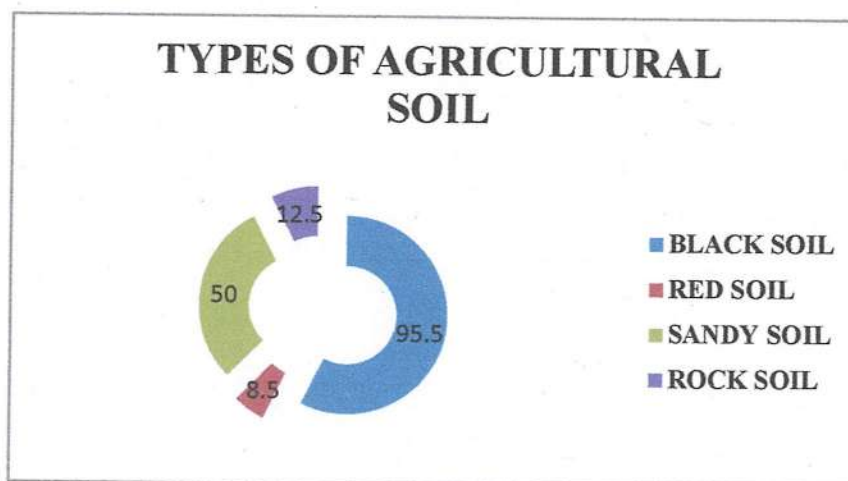
In rabbi season the expenses on organic fertilizers was 30000 rupees in 27 acres and 73000 rupees in 54 acres.

From the above information we can say that the collective expense in a rabbi season on organic and chemical fertilizers was 103000 rupees.

Total expenses on organic and chemical fertilizers in both kharif and rabbi season was 428100 rupees.

## 8) Type of soil (in acres):-

After analyzing soil at Palora it was seen that 95.5 acres constitute of black soil 8.5 acres, red soil 50 acres, sandy soil, and 12.5 acres of rocks soil. From the above analysis we can conclude that at Palora the portion of black soil the highest after that sandy soil and lowest is red soil.



*B.reshman*

## 9) The Usages of Necessary Irrigation Sources:-

### A) Kharif Season:-

After analyzing the usage of necessary irrigation sources it is seen that irrigation is done in 20.5 acres by wells, 54 acres is irrigated by canal 7.5 acres by tube well, 13 acres by pond and 27.5 acres irrigated by water from rivers.

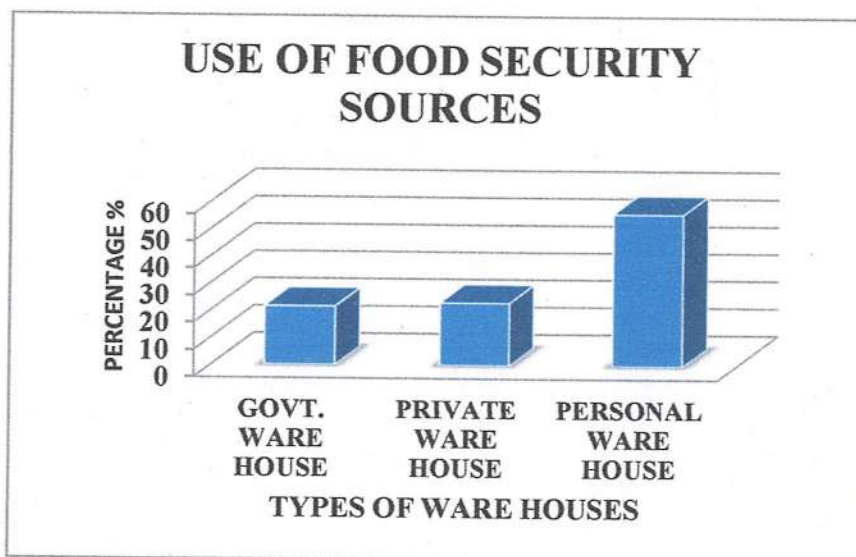
### B) Rabbi season:-

After analyzing the usage of necessary irrigation sources it is seen that irrigation in rabbi season, 3.5 acres is irrigation by well 3 acres by tub well, 1.5 acres by pond and 15 acres of land is irrigated by river water.

From the above discussion we can concluded that in kharif season canals are used maximum portion. And in rabbi season wells are used maximum no.

## 10) Usage of Food Security Sources:-

After making socio-economic and agricultural survey it is seen that for food security 15 farming families kept grain in government warehouse and 16 families kept there in private warehouses and 39 families kept their own houses.



## 11) Type of loan facility for farming:-

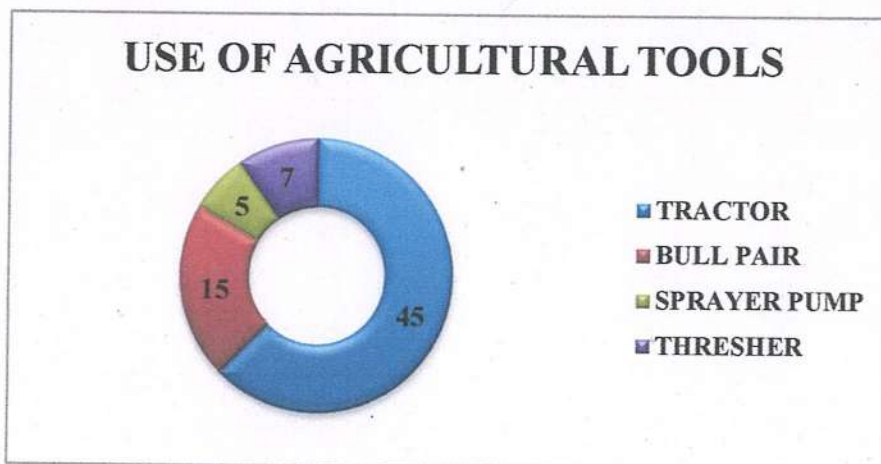
For kharif season farmers acquired 494000 rupees loan for 34 acres from nationalized banks. From co-operative bank 108000 rupees loan acquired for 9 acres, And from other bank 20,000 rupees loan acquired for 2 acres along with for rabbi season 20000 loan acquire for 1 acres.

## 12) Usage of Agricultural Tools:-

At Palora 45 farming families use tractor, 15 families used bullock cart, 5 families have sprayer pump and 7 families used thresher machine.



*P. Meshram*

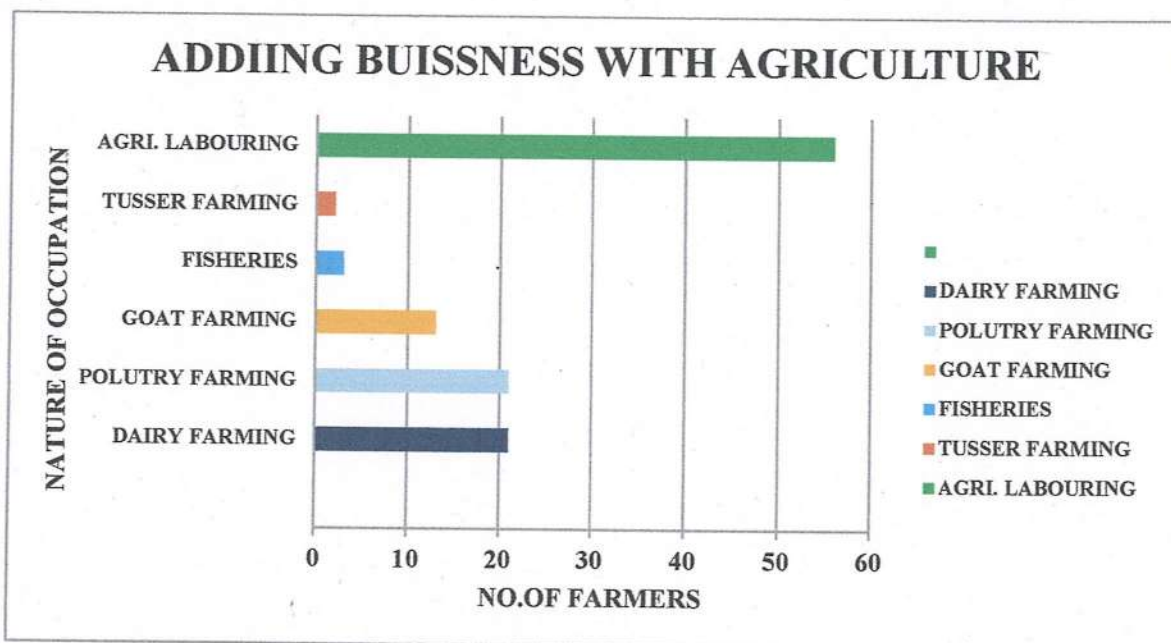


### 13) Ratio And Type of Grain Selling:-

After study ration and types of food grain the following information has been found. In that the selling in form of government structural 702 quintal and its cost was 1012200 rupees and in private structure 811.50 quintal grain was sold for 1324610 rupees.

### 14) Adding Business With Farming:-

At Palora following adding business with farming is as follow. 21 families are involved in dairy farming, 21 families with poultry and 13 families with goat farming.



### 15) Types of Horticultural Farming:-

After making a survey at Palora the following information has been observed at Palora varies kinds of horticultural farming is seen. In that the vegetable farming is done in 7.5 acres, flower farming in 0.5 acres and other kind of farming is done in 11 acres.



*B. Mestrom*



## Conclusion:-

- 1) Out of total of 96 families in Palora, 70 have farms.
- 2) Palora has a large no. of small land holders as well as those with 1 – 3 acres of land.
- 3) Rice is an important crop in agriculture of Palora.
- 4) Rabbi crop cultivation is less than kharif crop cultivation at Palora.
- 5) Chemical fertilizers used more than organic fertilizers in agriculture at Palora.
- 6) Farmers in Palora have higher proportion of black soil in their farms.
- 7) Farmers in Palora are increasingly using canal water for irrigation.
- 8) Farmers in Palora have taken more loans from co- operative banks than from govt. banks.
- 9) Farmers in Palora sell their farm products in large quantity privately.
- 10) Along with farming in Palora farm, labor is the main occupation.
- 11) At Palora, the income seen to be more than the cost of farming.



*B. Neghm*



**People Biodiversity Register Survey (Agro - Socio- Economic Survey) ( B.A. II )  
at Palora Village – (18/01/2020)**

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## Agro – Socio, Economic Survey of Rampur - Chak Village (Session 2019-20)

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### Geography of Rampur - Chak

#### 1) Place:-

The Gadchiroli District has founded on dated 26 August 1982 in landscape of 14412 Sq. fit. Geographically Armori taluka has found North South in Gadchiroli, and Rampur - Chak is situated on east at a distance of 5 km from Armori taluka of Gadchiroli District and there is a Gadhavi river goes western side.

#### 2) Climate – Rainfall & Temperature:-

There is a variety of diversity in Gadchiroli district. Where temperature is more in May and June an average Temperature growth is Summer time almost 47 to 48 Degree C and in winter time 9 to 11 Degree.

Probably in this District rainfall from monsoon wind and rainfall from 1400 to 1500 mm June to October.

#### 3) River:-

Gadchiroli District is mainly the Wainganga River. The river goes to the west of the District and the Gadhavi River flows through the east from west. Godavari from the southern border. The Indravati River flows from east. In the besides imp rivers are Dina, Khobragadi, Kathani, Por, Nibra, Kotari, Parlkota, Pamul Gantam etc.

#### 4) Soil:-

The soil in Rampur - Chak is situated in the lower part of the Gadhavi River bank. The lower part of the river is fertile and the mud is the soil.

Sandy soil, black soil and rocky soil are found in and around Rampur Chak. It is included some parts are Gadchiroli, Armori, Chamorshi taluka. Rice is a main crop in there.

#### 5) Crops:-

In all the taluka of Gadchiroli District, Rice crop is important. Rice crop and around 75% of the area rice dominated. Along with it seen Tur, Popat, Chilli, Groundnut and Vegetable etc.

#### 6) Transportation and Communication:-

In Gadchiroli District road from Nagpur – Gadchiroli – Sironcha and road from Gadchiroli – Chandrapur and also road are important from Gadchiroli – Dhanora – Rajnandgaon. The state governments Zilla Parishad and Public works department counstructured the road length of 11,798 km by the end of 2012.

#### ➤ The Biodiversity record of the People of Rampur -Chak

In internal the biodiversity record of the people of Rampur - Chak related. Studied under the information. Agriculture –economic social survey, made in Rampur - Chak , student have filled the form about area of agricultural land, irrigated and non irrigated agricultural area, various crops and production, expenditure of agriculture, food security, adding agro base





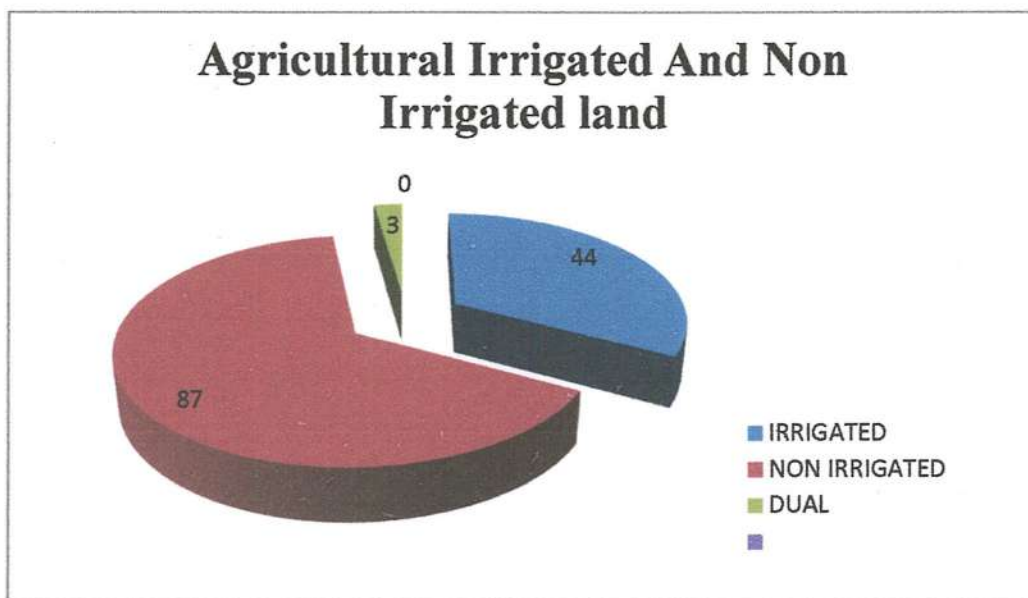
business etc. with questionnaire method In which the students actual 134 family information filled with questionnaire.

### 1) Farmer families& Farming area:-

From the Agricultural Economic and Social Survey conducted at Rampur (Chak). It is learn that the main business of the villagers is arming and there are 134 farmers with 138 acres of farming land.

### 2) Kinds of Agricultural Land:-

Farmers of Rampur (Chak) cultivate farms by both irrigated and non-irrigated method there are 87 farmers who does non-irrigated farming and 47 farmers do both.

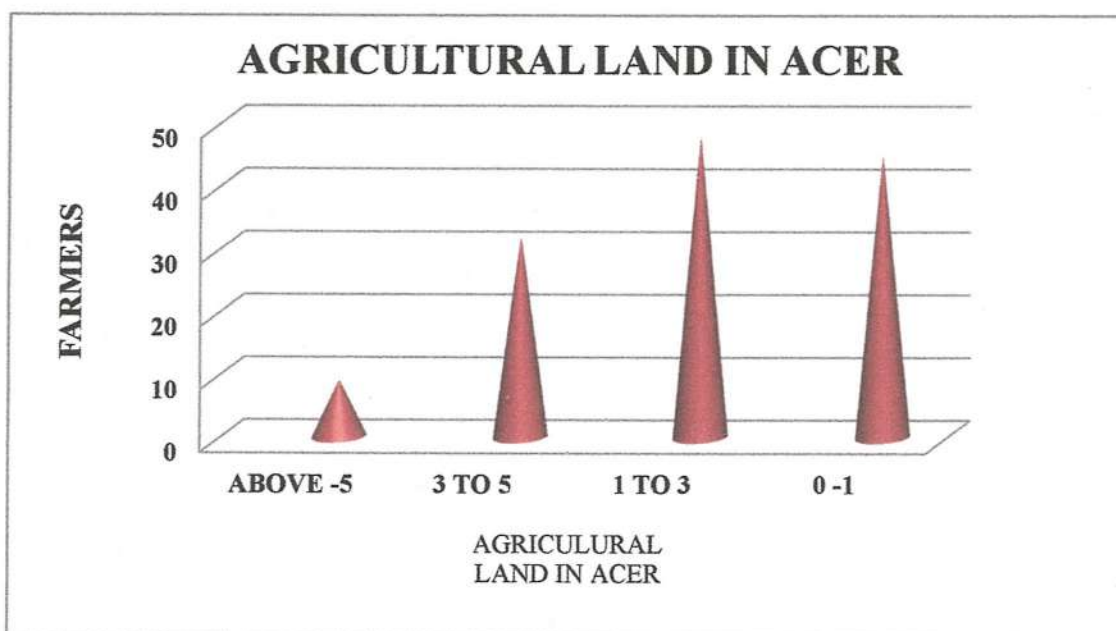


### 3) Ration of Agricultural Land (in acres):-

At Rampur 45 marginalized who have 0-1 acres of land, 48 farmers with 1-3 acres, 32 farmers with 3-5 acres, and there are 9 farmers who possess more than 5 acres of land



*Banerjan*



#### 4) Information of the crop to taken every season in the field:-

From the survey conducted at Rampur. It is seen that in Karip season rice crop is activated in maximum amount. In that RPN variety of paddy is cultivated, 1010 variety is in 51.50 acres, and Jai Shreeram is grown in 31.25 acres.

In Rabbi Season Chan, Watana and Wheat etc. types of crops are cultivated. In along with in Rabbi Season. RPN variety is cultivated in 38 acres. Chana in 9 acres and Watana is cultivate in 1.50 acres of land.

#### 5) Expense of tillaging the farm: - (Fertilizers, Labor etc.)

In Kharip Season till aging expense for 150 acres is Rs. 4,42,300, for labor Rs. 3,26,000 for sowing Rs. 3,37,000 for pesticide Rs. 2,21,500 for fertilizers Rs. 3,78,900 and for harvesting the crops Rs. 3,53,500 and for all this collectively the cost is Rs. 20,59,200.

In Rabbi season village expense in Rs. 1,25,500 for 38 acres for labourRs. 42,700 sowing Rs. 75,100, pesticides Rs. 75,000, Fertilizer expense is Rs. 1,57,700, for harvesting the crop Rs. 91,900, and total expense for all the these things is Rs. 5,67,900.

#### 6) Income from crops:-

In Kharip Season the income from RPN rice is Rs. 19,82,400 from 826 q. of rice, 448 q. of RPN rice was sold for Rs. 11,20,000 while Jai Shriram rice was sold for 9,90,600 of 381 q.

In Rabbi Season 51 q. of RPN rice was sold for Rs. 1,22,400, 1010 rice 144 q. for Rs. 36,000 and 133 q. of Jai shriram rice was sold for Rs. 3,45,800, 16 q. Chana was sold for Rs. 73,200, Watana 5 q. for Rs. 20,400 and Wheat 15 q. was sold for Rs. 22,500.

#### 7) Use of fertilizers and expenses:-

In Kharip Season organic and chemical fertilizers costedRs. 10,54,700 while in Rabbi Season Rs. 2,41,900 was spent for organic and chemical fertilizers.

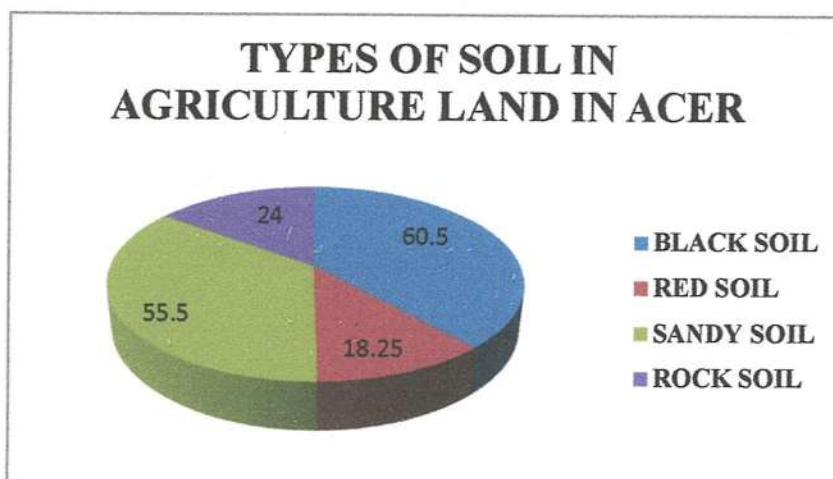


*D. Meethran*



### 8) Types of Soil:-

At Rampur 134 farmers possess different type of soil like Black soil in 60.20 acre, Red soil 18.25 acres, Sandy soil in 55.50 acres and Rocks soil in 24 acres.

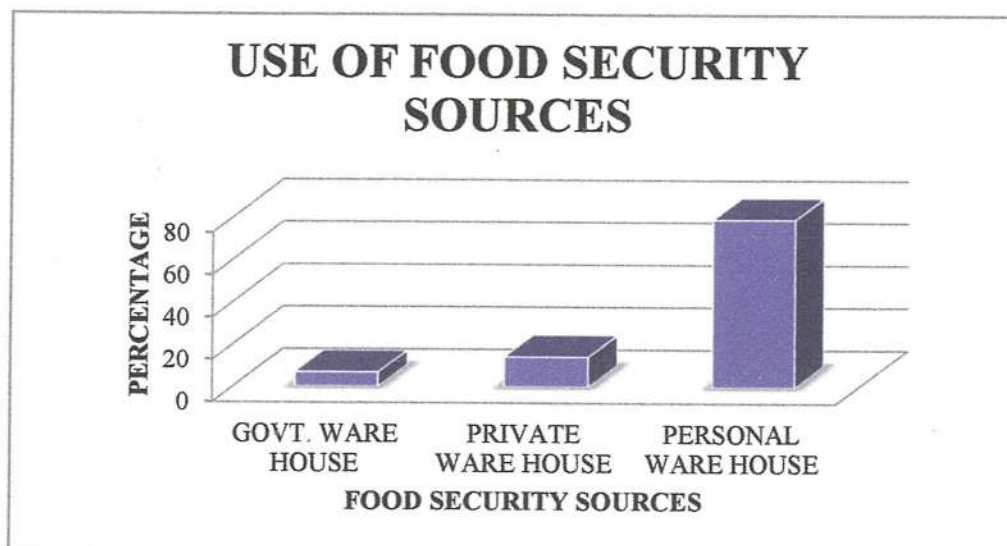


### 9) Use of irrigation resources for agriculture:-

Farmer in Rampur (Chak) have different types of irrigation resources like Well, Canal, River and Sprinkler etc. in Kharif Season 54.5 acres and in Rabbi Season 38 acres field was irrigated by above mention resources.

### 10) Use of food security sources:-

From socio - economic survey conducted at Rampur (Chak) is seen that 6.71% farmers use Government Warehouse, 14.17% farmer use Private Warehouses and remaining 79.10% farmer protect their food grains individually in their own house.



### 11) Types of Loan facilities for farmers:-

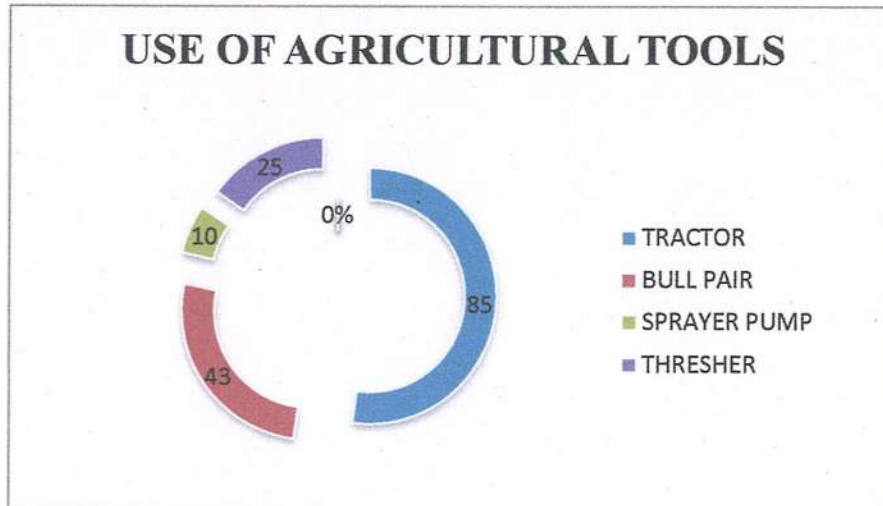
At Rampur farmer took Rs. 514000 loan for 34 acres, from Co-operative Bank, Rs. 108000 for 9 acres, Rs. 20000 for 2 acres from other sources in Kharip and Rabbi Season.



*B. Meshram*

### 12) Use of Agricultural Tools:-

At Rampur (Chak) following agricultural tools 85 Tractors, 43 Bullock kart, 10 Spraying machine and 25 Thresher machine.

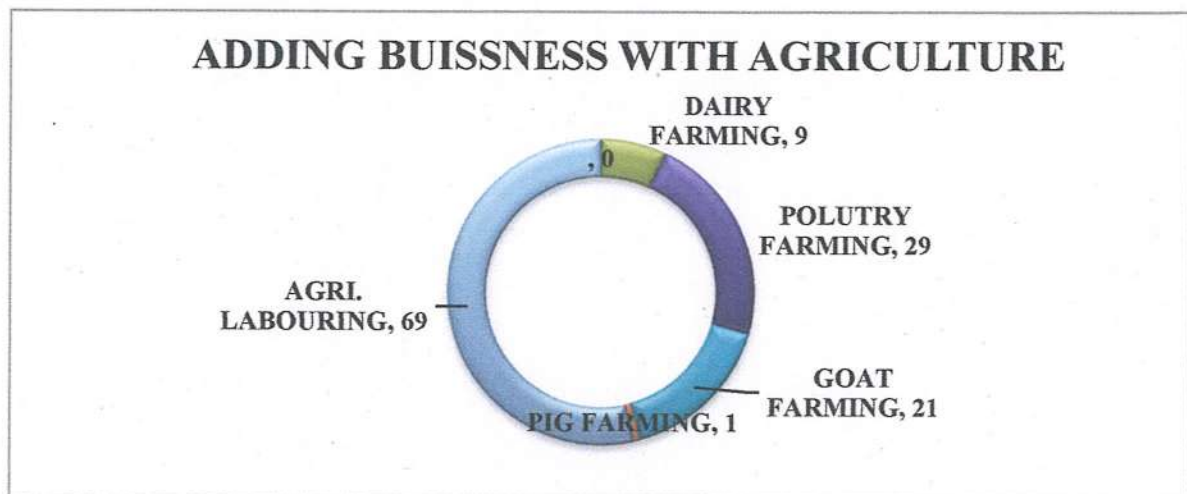


### 13) Ration of food - grain selling and type:-

At Rampur (Chak) maximum numbers of farmers cultivated paddy crops, selling ration of food grain is also high at Rampur. Her selling ration to the government is 478 quintal. 678 quintal. is in private sectors, and other selling ration is 78 quintal.

### 14) Additional Business with Agriculture:-

Maximum people are involved with additional business at Rampur. Most of the farmers are not interested towards Fisheries, Silk production. 9 farmers are involved with Dairy business, 29 with Poultry, 21 farmers with Goat farming, and other 69 farmers prefer to go for manual labor.



*D. Meshram*



## 15) Types of Horticultural farming:-

Many farmers do horticultural farming along with simple farming but they don't have any interest in farming of fruit and flowers. Some farmers grew Vegetables in 22.5 acres and in 15 acres grew other crops from selling the vegetable Rs. 218000 income is gained and from other types Rs. 10000 is gained.

## Conclusion:-

- 1) There are 134 farming families in Rampur Chak, out of the total family in Rampur Chak, 87 families have dry land farming.
  - 2) Rampur Chak has the highest no. of house hold with 1- 3 acres of agricultural land and paddy is major crop in Rampur Chak .
  - 3) In Rampur Chak, the income seen to be lower than the cost of farming.
  - 4) In Rampur Chak, it is seen that organic fertilizers are being used more in agriculture than chemical fertilizers.
  - 5) The total agricultural area at Rampur Chak has a high proportion of black and sandy soils.
  - 6) Farmers in Rampur Chak used river water for irrigation in agriculture.
  - 7) Farmers in Rampur Chak use individual warehouse to store grain.
  - 8) Farmers in Rampur Chak have taken more loans from co- operative bank than from government bank.
  - 9) Farmers in Rampur Chak are seen privately selling their food grains.
  - 10) Farmers in Rampur Chak are engaged in poultry farming along with agricultural labor.
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*Bmeshram*  
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**People Biodiversity Register Survey (Agro - Socio- Economic Survey) ( B.A. II )  
 at (Rampur – Chak) Village – (20/01/2020)**

*B. Mishra*



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## News Paper Cutting – PBR - 2019-20

### रामपूरचक, पालोरा गावाचे सामाजिक, आर्थिक सर्वेक्षण

#### 46 विद्यार्थ्यांचा सहभाग

आरमोरी. स्थानिक महात्मा गांधी महाविद्यालयातील भूगोल विभागातर्फे प्राचार्य डॉ. लालसिंग खालसा यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली बी.ए. भाग 3 च्या विद्यार्थ्यांनी रामपूर चक व पालोरा या गावाचे सामाजिक व आर्थिक सर्वेक्षण केले. यात एकूण 46 विद्यार्थ्यांनी सहभाग घेतला होता.

सामाजिक व आर्थिक सर्वेक्षणांतर्गत सामाजिक घटक व कृषी आधारित घटकांचा अभ्यास प्रत्येकाच्या माध्यमातून विद्यार्थ्यांनी माहिती भरून दिली. यामध्ये सामाजिक व कुटुंबाविषयक माहिती, जात, धर्म, व्यवसाय, पुरुष व स्त्रियांचे प्रमाण, साक्षरता, शेतक-यांकडील शेतीचे प्रमाण, शेतीतील मुद्दा प्रकार, प्रत्येक हंगामात घेण्यात येणा-या पिकांची माहिती, शेती मशागतीसाठी लागणारा खर्च, पिकांच्या लागवडीच्या उत्पन्नाची नोंद, शेतीतील आर्थिक स्थिती, शेतक-यांच्या व्यापार, अन्नधान्य विक्रीचे प्रमाण व प्रकार, शेतीसाठी घातलेल्या कार्याचे प्रकार, कृषी आधारित उद्योग, शेतीसोबत असलेले जोडव्यवसाय, पीकपद्धती, शेतीवरील खर्च, उत्पादन, नफा-तोटा, पीक प्रारूप, पिकांची तीव्रता, शेतक-यांचे उत्पन्न आदी घटकांचा अभ्यास केला.

सदर सर्वेक्षण भूगोल विभाग प्रमुख प्रा. पराग मेश्राम व प्रा. डॉ. विजय गोरडे यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली करण्यात आले. विद्यार्थ्यांनी गावातील प्रत्येक घरी जाऊन माहिती गोळा केली. त्याचे विश्लेषण करून अहवाल तयार केला.



### भूगोल विभागाच्यावतीने जैवविविधताविषयक सर्वेक्षण

आरमोरी - येथील महात्मा गांधी महाविद्यालयांतर्गत भूगोल विभागातर्फे प्राचार्य डॉ. लालसिंग खालसा यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली पर्यावरण अभ्यास समितीमार्फत बी. ए. भाग 2 च्या विद्यार्थ्यांनी रामपूर चक व पालोरा या गावाचे जैवविविधताविषयक सामाजिक, कृषी व आर्थिक सर्वेक्षण केले. यावेळी भूगोल विभागप्रमुख प्रा. पराग मेश्राम व प्रा. डॉ. विजय गोरडे यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली घेण्यात आले. विद्यार्थ्यांनी गावातील प्रत्येक घरी जाऊन माहिती गोळा केली व त्याचे विश्लेषण करून अहवाल तयार केला. या सर्वेक्षणात एकूण 60 विद्यार्थ्यांनी सहभाग घेतला होता.

(BY EUI)

Daily Lokshahi Varta

### भूगोल विभागाच्यावतीने जैवविविधताविषयक सर्वेक्षण

आरमोरी - येथील महात्मा गांधी महाविद्यालयांतर्गत भूगोल विभागातर्फे प्राचार्य डॉ. लालसिंग खालसा यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली पर्यावरण अभ्यास समितीमार्फत बी. ए. भाग 2 च्या विद्यार्थ्यांनी रामपूर चक व पालोरा या गावाचे जैवविविधताविषयक सामाजिक, कृषी व आर्थिक सर्वेक्षण केले. यावेळी भूगोल विभागप्रमुख प्रा. पराग मेश्राम व प्रा. डॉ. विजय गोरडे यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली घेण्यात आले. विद्यार्थ्यांनी गावातील प्रत्येक घरी जाऊन माहिती गोळा केली व त्याचे विश्लेषण करून अहवाल तयार केला. या सर्वेक्षणात एकूण 60 विद्यार्थ्यांनी सहभाग घेतला होता.

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दैनिक पुण्यनगरी दि 22/11/2020

## भूगोल विभागाचे जैवविविधता सर्वेक्षण



आरमोरी : महात्मा गांधी महाविद्यालयांतर्गत भूगोल विभागातर्फे प्राचार्य डॉ. लालसिंग खालसा यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली पर्यावरण अभ्यास समितीमार्फत बीए भाग २ च्या विद्यार्थ्यांनी रामपूर चक व पालोरा या गावांचे जैवविविधताविषयक सामाजिक व कृषी आर्थिक सर्वेक्षण केले. जैवविविधताविषयक सामाजिक व कृषी आर्थिक सर्वेक्षणांतर्गत सामाजिक घटक व कृषी आधारीत घटकांचा अभ्यास प्रश्नवलेल्या माध्यमाने विद्यार्थ्यांनी माहिती भरून घेतली. यामध्ये सामाजिक व कुटुंबविषयक माहिती, जात, धर्म, व्यवसाय, पुरुष व स्त्रियांचे प्रमाण, साक्षरता, शेतकऱ्याकडील शेतीचे प्रमाण, शेतीतील मृदा प्रकार, प्रत्येक हंगामात घेण्यात येणाऱ्या पिकांची माहिती, शेती मशागतीसाठी लागणारा खर्च, पिकांपासून मिळालेल्या उत्पन्नाची नोंद, शेतीतील आवृश्यक सिंचन साधनांचा दापर, अन्नधान्य विक्रीचे प्रमाण व प्रकार, शेतीसाठी घेतलेल्या कार्जांचा प्रकार, कृषी आधारीत उद्योग, शेतीसोबत असलेले जोडव्यवसाय, पीक पद्धती, शेतीवरील खर्च, उत्पादन, नका-तोटा, पीक प्रारूप, पिकांची तिब्रता, शेतकऱ्यांचे उत्पन्न आदी घटकांचा अभ्यास केला. सदर सर्वेक्षण भूगोल विभागप्रमुख प्रा. पराग मेश्राम, प्रा. डॉ. विजय गोरडे यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली करण्यात आले. सर्वेक्षणात ६० विद्यार्थ्यांनी सहभाग घेतला.

## भूगोल विभागाचे जैवविविधता सर्वेक्षण

आरमोरी, ता. २२ : येथील महात्मा गांधी महाविद्यालयांतर्गत भूगोल विभागातर्फे प्राचार्य डॉ. लालसिंग खालसा यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली पर्यावरण अभ्यास समितीमार्फत बी. ए. भाग २ च्या विद्यार्थ्यांनी रामपूर चक व पालोरा या गावांचे जैवविविधताविषयक सामाजिक, कृषी व आर्थिक सर्वेक्षण केले.

यावेळी भूगोल विभागप्रमुख प्रा. पराग मेश्राम व प्रा. डॉ. विजय गोरडे यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली हा उपक्रम घेण्यात आला. विद्यार्थ्यांनी गावातील प्रत्येक घरी जाऊन माहिती गोळा केली व त्याचे विश्लेषण करून अहवाल तयार केला. यातून बरीच महत्त्वपूर्ण माहिती मिळाली. या सर्वेक्षणात एकूण ६० विद्यार्थ्यांनी सहभाग घेतला होता.

*P. Meshram*

Head

Department of Geography

HEAD

Department of Geography

Mahatma Gandhi Arts, Science &

Late N.P. Commerce College, Armori



*[Signature]*

Principal  
Mahatma Gandhi Arts,  
Science & Late  
N. P. Commerce College,  
Armori, Dist - Gadchiroli



# List of Participants with Signature:

Manoharabhai Shikshan Prasarak Manadal's  
Mahatma Gandhi Arts, Science & Late N. P. Commerce College  
Armori Dist. Gadchiroli M.S. 441208  
Department of Geography  
Participant Student List  
B.A.III - SEM - V & VI  
Session - 2019-20

Activity: Socio-economic Survey of Palora Date: 18/01/2020

Sr.No.	Student's Name	Gender	Sign
1.	Bagmare Jayshri Purushottam	Female	J.P. Bagmare
2.	Bagmare Pratiksha Bharat	Female	Bagmare
3.	Bhandari Kartik Pradip	Male	Kartik
4.	Bondare Lopa Ashok	Female	L.A. Bondare
5.	Borkar Harsha Prakash	Female	Borkar
6.	Dhose Dipali Lalaji	Female	Dhose
7.	Donadkar Shruti Bhaskar	Female	Donadkar
8.	Duge Saji Ramesh	Male	Duge
9.	Dumane Samir Vittal	Male	Dumane
10.	Gain Jyoti Bhupati	Female	Gain
11.	Gedam Prii Anil	Female	Gedam
12.	Hedau Payal Madhukar	Female	P.M. Hedau
13.	Jengathe Pallavi Vinayak	Female	Jengathe
14.	Kambale Vijaya Haridas	Female	Kambale
15.	Kambale Yogaji Deonath	Male	Kambale
16.	Kambale Renuka Ramchandra	Female	Kambale
17.	Kankatwar Meghana Gopal	Female	Kankatwar
18.	Korcha Ambika Jagatram	Female	Korcha
19.	Koreti Kalpana Bhagwanray	Female	Koreti
20.	Kosare Chetan Manik	Male	Kosare
21.	Kulkadkar Alpesh Anil	Male	A.A. Kulkadkar
22.	Kumare Suraj Madhukar	Female	Kumare
23.	Madavi Falguni Moreshwar	Female	Madavi
24.	Makade Moni Sadhoji	Female	M.S. Makade
25.	Makde Dipak Anandras	Male	Makde
26.	Meshram Kamlesh Nandkumar	Male	Meshram
27.	Meshram Parag Dhaadkar	Male	P.B. Meshram

28.	Meshram Rohit Naresh	Male	Meshram
29.	Mhashakhtri Vaishali Nitin	Female	V.N. Mhashakhtri
30.	Mohurle Gayatri Pralhad	Male	G.P. Mohurle
31.	Mohurle Sapna Tulshidas	Female	Mohurle
32.	Namaware Dhiraj Suresh	Male	Namaware
33.	Namaware Sangita Shankar	Female	Namaware
34.	Pendorkar Ritual Vittal	Female	P.V. Pendorkar
35.	Pilare Soeha Sukaru	Female	S.S. Pilare
36.	Pohankar Archana Vilas	Female	A.V. Pohankar
37.	Rakatsinge Vidya Pandurang	Female	Rakatsinge
38.	Ramteke Ayan Chandu	Male	Ramteke
39.	Sarpe Amar Dilip	Male	Sarpe
40.	Thakare Jyoti Tulshiram	Female	Thakare
41.	Titarmare Ujjwala Subhash	Female	U.S. Titarmare
42.	Ulkey Sachin Prakash	Male	S.C. Ulkey
43.	Vaidya Yogendra Shaligram	Male	V.V. Vaidya
44.	Warkhade Pratiksha Shaligram	Female	Warkhade
45.	Bagmare Jayshri Purushottam	Female	Bagmare

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Armori Dist. Gadchiroli M.S. 441208  
Department of Geography  
Participant Student List  
B.A.II - SEM - III & IV  
Session - 2019-20

Activity: People Biodiversity Register Survey of Rampur Chalk Date: 20/01/2020

Sr.No.	Students Name	Gender	Sign
1	Achala Shital Manik	Female	Achala
2	Bambole Pratiksh Kashinath	Female	Bambole
3	Bawane Payal Abhiman	Female	Bawane
4	Bedare Punam Dilip	Female	Bedare
5	Chaudankhede Reshma Janardhan	Female	Chaudankhede
6	Chature Raksha Hivraj	Female	R.H. Chature
7	Chaudhari Rupali Arun	Female	Chaudhari
8	Chole Hemlata Dadaji	Female	Chole
9	Dahikar Jivan Manikarao	Male	Dahikar
10	Dhodre Mithun Vilas	Male	M.V. Dhodre
11	Dhok Nirasha Waman	Female	Dhok
12	Dhore Mayuri Bhagwan	Female	Dhore
13	Dhurve Khushlata Diwakar	Female	Dhurve
14	Dudhakar Kushali Chamru	Female	K.C. Dudhakar
15	Dumane Nikita Ramratan	Female	Dumane
16	Farate Jatin Ravindra	Male	J.R. Farate
17	Gedam Ajay Ramesh	Male	A.R. Gedam
18	Gedam Akash Anil	Male	Gedam
19	Gedam Pravin Vishvanath	Male	Gedam
20	Gota Rajat Wale	Male	Gota
21	Hulke Sanket Ramesh	Male	Hulke
22	Kalbondhe Devindra Devaranand	Female	Kalbondhe
23	Khobragade Khushbu Sanjay	Male	K.S. Khobragade
24	Kirange Khemeshwari Jaydeo	Female	K.K. Kirange
25	Kokke Sachin Jivandas	Male	Kokke
26	Lingsyat Panam Rohidas	Female	Lingsyat
27	Madkam Kishor Ganpat	Male	Madkam
28	Majji Ashwini Soma	Female	Majji

29	Mankar Mayuri Devidas	Female	Mankar
30	Mankar Payal Abhiman	Female	Mankar
31	Meshram Abhijit Netaji	Male	Meshram
32	Meshram Purva Namdev	Female	P.V. Meshram
33	Meshram Rupali Bandu	Female	Meshram
34	Meshram Shilpa Mukharu	Female	Meshram
35	Mohurle Gurudeo Vilas	Male	Mohurle
36	Mohurle Nitin Moreshwar	Male	Mohurle
37	Nakhate Sarang Yeshwant	Male	Nakhate
38	Nakhate Megha Sadanand	Female	Nakhate
39	Namaware Praful Gajanan	Male	Namaware
40	Pada Rina Mahadeo	Female	Pada
41	Pal Vaibhav Omprakash	Male	Pal
42	Pilare Rohini Vishwanath	Female	Pilare
43	Pradhan Lata Dinkar	Female	Pradhan
44	Ramteke Madhuri Rahul	Female	Ramteke
45	Rane Shiwani Keshav	Female	Rane
46	Raut Diksha Subhash	Female	Raut
47	Raut Harsha Anandras	Female	Raut
48	Raut Karishma Vilas	Female	Raut
49	Rohankar Pallavi Namdev	Female	Rohankar
50	Sahare Priya Prabhakar	Female	Sahare
51	Shaha Bipro Krishna	Male	Shaha
52	Sheikh Gulraj Shakir	Female	Sheikh
53	Sheikh Rahila Shakir	Female	Sheikh
54	Shende Pallavi Prabhakar	Female	Shende
55	Shende Sonali Gowardhan	Female	Shende
56	Sonkusare Neha Maroti	Female	Sonkusare
57	Sonule Chhabil Rambhau	Male	Sonule
58	Soyam Riya Jannadas	Female	Soyam
59	Tembhurne Prii Rajesh	Female	P.R. Tembhurne
60	Thakare Kiran Dhanraj	Female	Thakare
61	Thela Daulat Tribhuvan	Male	D.T. Thela
62	Topse Jayatal Hiraman	Female	Topse
63	Ulkey Pranjali Rajendra	Female	Ulkey
64	Urkode Pallavi Rambhau	Female	P.L. Urkode

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